

Name of the Programme: B. Sc (Hons) Biomedical Science (ACBR)

Detailed Structure of various DSC, DSE and GE courses to be followed from 2025-26

Sem.	List of Discipline Specific Core (DSC)	List of Discipline Specific Electives (DSE)	List of Generic Electives (GEs) along with mandatory GEs (in Bold Minimum 3) to be studied if a student wishes to make it a minor in Biomedical Science
	Sem. I & II		Sem. I & II (Category I; Level 100)
I	DSC-1-Bioorganic Chemistry		GE 1: Landmark Discoveries in Science
I	DSC-2-Cell Biology		GE 2: Pandemic: Challenges and Preparedness
I	DSC-3-Human Physiology and Anatomy I		GE 3: Understanding The Human Body Systems
II	DSC-4-Biochemistry		
II	DSC-5-Principles of Genetics		
II	DSC-6-Human Physiology and Anatomy II		
	Sem. III-VI	Sem. III-VI	Sem. III-VI (Category II; Level 200)
III	DSC-7-Medical Microbiology	DSE-1-Drug Design and Discovery	GE 4: Biochemical Basis of Life
III	DSC-8-Medicinal Chemistry	DSE-2-Fundamentals of Neuroscience	GE 5: Concepts in Medicinal Chemistry
III	DSC-9-Biostatistics	DSE-3-Green Chemistry Methods in Pharmaceutical and Industrial Applications	GE 6: Environment Sustainability and Biomedical Waste Management[%]
IV	DSC-10-Immunobiology	DSE-4-Industrial Microbiology	GE 7: Genetic Basis of Diseases
IV	DSC-11-Molecular Biology	DSE-5-Intellectual Property Rights for Biologists	GE 8: Health and Body Defense System
IV	DSC-12-Pharmacology	DSE-6-Medical Biochemistry	GE 9: Practices in Biosafety[%]
V	DSC-13-Genome Organization and Function	DSE-7-Medical Laboratory Technology	GE 10: Statistical Concepts in Biology
V	DSC-14-Medical Biotechnology	DSE-8-Proteins and Enzymes	GE 11: Diseases in Everyday Life
V	DSC-15-Human Pathology	DSE-9-Research Methodology*	
VI	DSC-16-Biophysics	DSE-10-Social and Preventive Medicine	
VI	DSC-17-Human Genetics		
VI	DSC-18-Toxicology		
VII	DSC-19-Bioinformatics and Omics		

	Sem. VII-VIII	Sem. VII-VIII	Sem. VII-VIII (Category III; Level 300)
VIII	DSC-20-Developmental Biology	DSE-11-Advanced Cell Biology	GE 12: Concepts in Biotechnology
		DSE-12-Advances in Pharmaceutical Science	GE 13: Pathological Basis of Disease
		DSE-13-Protein Structure and Function: Advanced Concepts and Biomedical Applications	GE 14: Pharmacological Science
		DSE-14-Advanced Bioorganic Chemistry	GE 15: Toxic Substances and Human Health
		DSE-15-Advanced Techniques in Forensic Sciences	
		DSE-16-Immune Response to Infection and Diseases	
		DSE-17-Model Organisms in Biomedical Research	
		DSE-18-Advanced Molecular Biology and Genetic Engineering	
		DSE-19- Bridging Ancient Medicine and Practices with Modern Biomedical Research	
		DSE-9-Research Methodology*	

- # The Generic Elective Paper titled as “Understanding Genetic Basis of Diseases” has been renamed as “Genetic Basis of Diseases”. The course content for the previously approved Generic Elective paper entitled “Drug and Vaccine” has been revised and updated under the new title, “Pharmacological Science.” Consequently, the earlier approved “Drug and Vaccine” Generic Elective paper has been officially withdrawn.
- ** New GE Courses for which syllabus is included here. For rest of the GE courses, syllabus is already approved and available on the University portal.
- % The two red highlighted courses have been transferred from the Discipline-Specific Elective (DSE) pool to the Generic Elective (GE) pool, with their syllabi unchanged. These are to be considered as GE courses.
- *Research Methodology shall be offered as one of the DSE courses in the VI and VII semester. Students can opt it in either VI or VII semester. However, Students planning to pursue a 4 year UG program are advised to choose research methodology in the VI semester.

ACBR

BSc (H) Biomedical Science *Category-I*

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
BIOORGANIC CHEMISTRY	4	3	-	1	Student should have studied science (Biological science/ physical sciences)	-

Learning Objectives

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

Bioorganic Chemistry is a discipline that integrates organic chemistry and biochemistry. It aims at understanding the relevance of biological processes using the fundamental concepts of organic chemistry. This course includes basic principles of organic chemistry like concepts of stereochemistry and their importance in understanding various bio-molecular reactions along with introduction to biomolecules.

Learning outcomes

The Learning Outcomes of this course are as follows:

The students will be able:

- Identify, assess and analyze different types of stereoisomers and their properties in organic compounds and biomolecules.
- Explain the structures and function of biomolecules (carbohydrates, amino acids, lipids and nucleotide).
- To understand the mechanism of biologically significant name reaction and their role in biological systems.

SYLLABUS OF DSC-1

UNIT – I Stereochemistry

(9

Hours)

Optical isomerism: Optical activity, specific rotation, enantiomerism, D and L designation, racemic modification, R and S sequence rules, diastereoisomers.

Conformational isomers: conformation of ethane and butane, interconversion of projection formula, cyclohexane (mono- and di-substituted), resolution, optical purity.

Geometrical isomerism: Definition, nomenclature– E and Z.

UNIT – II Introduction to Biomolecules I

(12

Hours)

Carbohydrates:

Monosaccharides- cyclization of aldoses and ketoses, conformations, concept of mutarotation, anomers, epimers.

Disaccharides- structure, reducing and non-reducing sugars. Polysaccharides- Starch, glycogen and cellulose.

Lipids:

Fatty acids, triacylglycerols, phospholipids, lipid bilayer formation, steroids (cholesterol)

UNIT – III Introduction to Biomolecules II

(12 Hours)

Amino Acids:

Structure and classification of amino acids, ionization, chemistry of peptide bond, non-ribosomal peptide bond formation, essential and non-essential amino acids, amino acids as precursors of other bioactive compounds, zwitterion, isoelectric point, optical properties of amino acids, Definition of a peptide, peptide unit, peptide group, bond length, cis and transconformation, primary, secondary (alpha helix, beta sheet, beta turn, collagen helix), tertiary and quaternary structures (with examples).

Nucleotides:

Sugars and Bases, conformation of sugar phosphate backbone, hydrogen bonding and tautomerism in nucleic acid basesEffect of structure on reactivity of biomolecules.

UNIT – IV Biologically Significant Name Reactions

(12

Hours)

Aldol (Glucogenesis), retro-aldol (Glycolysis), benzoin condensation (umpolungdecarboxylation of pyruvate in the presence of TPP), Claisen condensation (synthesis of fatty acids), Michael addition (Dehydrases), Cannizzaro (Sugarmetabolism), Bayer Villiger reaction (FAD dependent ketone synthesis), Pinacol-pinacolone rearrangement (1,2-carboncarbonshift)

Practical component (12 Sessions x 2 hrs) – 30 Hours

(Wherever wet lab experiments are not possible the principles and concepts can be demonstrated through any other material or medium including videos/virtual labs etc.)

1. Qualitative tests for carbohydrates to identify the given unknown carbohydrate solution: Mohlisch, Barfoed, Fehling/ Tollen/ Benedict tests
2. Qualitative tests for carbohydrates to identify the given unknown carbohydrate solution: Iodine test, Selvinoff, Osazone, Bial's tests
3. Qualitative tests for Amino acids and Proteins: Ninhydrin, Xanthoproteic, Million's, Lead Acetate, Biuret test
4. Qualitative test for Fats
5. To determine the Iodine number of the given oil/fat.
6. To find pKa value of acetic acid
7. To study the titration curve of glycine
8. Absorption spectrum of Protein
9. Absorption spectrum of DNA
10. Estimation of a Reducing sugar in a given sample.

Essential readings

1. Berg, J. M., Tymoczko J. L. and Stryer L. (2019) 9th Edition, International edition
2. Biochemistry. New York, USA: W. H. Freeman and Co. ISBN-9781319114671
3. Campbell, M. K. and Farrel, S. O. (2012) 7th Edition. Biochemistry. Boston, USA: Brooks/Cole Cengage Learning. ISBN: 13:978-1-111-42564-7
4. Textbook of Biochemistry with Clinical Correlations (2011) 7th ed., Devlin, T.M., John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (New York), ISBN:978-0-470-28173-4
5. Morrison, R.N., Boyd, R.N., Bhattacharjee, S.K. (2010), Organic Chemistry, 7th Edition,
6. Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education). ISBN 10:8131704815 ISBN 13:9788131704813
7. Eliel, L. (1975). 1st Edition. Stereochemistry of carbon compounds, New York, USA: Tata McGraw Hill. ISBN-13: 9780070992900
8. Finar, I.L. (2002), Organic Chemistry (Volume 1), 6th Edition, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education). ISBN-13: 978-0582305601
9. Dugas, H. (1999) 3rd Edition. Bioorganic chemistry. New York, USA: Springer Verlag. ISBN-13: 978- 0387989105

Suggestive readings:

- Nelson, D. L. and Michael M. Cox (2021) 8th Edition. Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry. New Jersey, USA: Prentice Hall Publishers. ISBN-13:978-1319228002.
- Nasipuri, D. (2020), Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds: Principles and Applications, 4 th Edition, New Age International. ISBN 10: 9389802474
- Solomons, T. W. G.; Fryhle, C. B.; Snyder, S. A. (2017), Organic Chemistry, 12th Edition, Wiley. ISBN: 978-1-119-24897-2
- Plummer, D. (2017) An Introduction to Practical Biochemistry, 3rd edition. McGraw-Hill College; ISBN-13: 978-0070841659.
- Hoffman, A. 8th Edition (2018). Wilson And Walker's Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. ISBN13: 9781316677056

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – 2 (DSC-2): CELL BIOLOGY

Credit distribution, Eligibility and Prerequisites of the Course

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
CELL BIOLOGY	4	3	-	1	Student should have studied science (Biological science/ physical sciences)	-

Learning Objectives

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

Structure and functions of various cellular compartments and organelles

- Fundamentals of transport of biomolecules inside the cell and its cytoskeleton
- Cell growth, cell-division and cell-cycle control mechanisms.
- Cell to cell communication and participation of signal transduction pathways, in driving cell response mechanics

Learning outcomes

The Learning Outcomes of this course are as follows:

- Students will learn about how the cell has evolved and the basic types of cells present.
- Students will acquire insights into the composition and structure of cell membrane by navigating through various proposed cell models. Students will also learn the functions in detail about the processes of transport across cell membranes.
- Students will learn about the structure and function of various cellular compartments and organelles along with the concept of protein sorting and distribution in unique ways.
- Students will understand the association between cells through unique types of communication and developing junctions for attachment between neighbouring cells.
- Students will understand various cytoskeleton elements and their participation in maintaining cell shape and integrity. Students will gain knowledge about an overview of cell response to its environment, and involvement of cell- cell signalling mechanisms and to study signal transduction pathways.

SYLLABUS OF DSC- 2

UNIT – I The Cell

(3 Hours)

Historical background, significant landmarks, cell theory, structure of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells

UNIT – II Cell Membrane and Membrane Transport

(6 Hours)

Functions, different models of membrane structure, types of membrane lipids, membrane proteins: types, methods to study membrane proteins (detergents, RBC ghosts), RBC membrane as a model, membrane carbohydrates, membrane asymmetry and fluidity, lipid rafts.

A. Transport of small molecules: Passive transport (simple diffusion and facilitated diffusion) and active transport and their types (P, V, F and ABC transporter) with example of Na⁺/K⁺ pump.

B. Transport of macromolecules: Endocytosis (pinocytosis, phagocytosis), exocytosis

UNIT – III Cell Organelles

(15

Hours)

Structure and functions of various organelles:

- Nucleus: Different components, nuclear envelope- its structure, pore complex, nucleocytoplasmic, interaction (NLS and NES), nucleolus- structure and functions.
- Endoplasmic reticulum: RER- Biosynthesis and processing of proteins, co-translational and post-translational transport of proteins, signal hypothesis, protein sorting. SER- detoxification, biosynthesis of membrane, carbohydrate metabolism, steroid synthesis.
- Golgi apparatus: Golgi stack (cis, trans and medial cisternae), flow of proteins through Golgi body, glycosylation and protein sorting.

- Lysosomes: Development of different forms of lysosomes, role in cellular digestion, lysosomal storage diseases- Hurler syndrome, Hunter syndrome, Tay-Sachs disease and Inclusion cell disease (I-cell disease).
- Peroxisomes: Assembly, functions- H₂O₂ metabolism, oxidation of Fatty acids, glyoxysomes
- Mitochondria: Detailed structure, endosymbiotic theory, its genome and functions in brief
- Chloroplast: Detailed structure, its genome and functions in brief

UNIT – IV Cell -Cell communication

(9 Hours)

Structures and functions of different types of anchoring junctions (desmosomes and hemidesmosomes), tight junctions, and communication junctions (gap junction and plasmodesmata).

UNIT – V Cytoskeletal Elements

(6 Hours)

Structure, assembly and functions of:

- A. Microtubules: Axonemal and cytoplasmic microtubules (cilia, flagella, centrioles, basal bodies).
- B. Microfilaments: Globular and filamentous actin, general idea about myosin.
- C. Intermediate filaments: Different classes.

Unit VI: Cell Signaling and Cell Cycle

(6 Hours)

Signaling molecules and their receptors (extracellular and intracellular), functions of extracellular receptors; Intracellular signal transduction pathways (cAMP, cGMP, steroid hormone response element). Different phases of cell cycle and their significance, mitosis and meiosis, checkpoints and regulation of cell cycle.

Practical component (30 Hours)

(Wherever wet lab experiments are not possible, the principles and concepts can be demonstrated through any other material or medium including videos/virtual labs etc.)

1. Light microscopy: Principle, construction and types. Study of positive and negative staining using photomicrographs.
2. Fluorescence microscopy: principle and applications. Concept of GFP
3. Electron microscopy: Principle, construction and types. Study of positive and negative staining, freeze fracture, freeze etching, shadow casting, endocytosis, exocytosis and phagocytosis using electron micrographs
4. To explain mitosis and meiosis using permanent slides.
5. To measure cell size using a stage micrometer.
6. To cytochemically demonstrate presence of total and basic proteins in cheek cells or onion peel using mercuric bromophenol blue or fast green.
7. To cytochemically demonstrate presence of carbohydrates in cheek cells or onion peel using periodic acid Schiff's reagent.
8. To cytochemically demonstrate presence of DNA in cheek cells or onion peel using Feulgen reagent.
9. To study the effect of isotonic, hypotonic and hypertonic solutions on cell.

Essential readings

- Cooper, G. M. and Hausman, R. E. (2013). 6th Edition. The cell: A molecular approach. Massachusetts, USA: Sinauer Associates. ISBN-13:978-1605351551

- Hardin, J. Bertoni, G. P. Kleinsmith, L.J. and Becker, W.M. (2008). 7th Edition. The world of the cell. San Francisco, USA: Benjamin Cummings Publishers, ISBN-13: 978 0805393934.
- Karp, G. (2013). 7th Edition. Cell and molecular biology: Concepts and experiments. New Jersey, USA: Wiley Publishers. ISBN-978-0470483374.
- Alberts, B et al. (2014). 6th edition. Molecular Biology of the Cell. W. W. Norton & Company. ISBN-13 : 978-0815345244
- Lodish H et al. (2003). 5th Revised edition. Molecular Cell Biology. W.H.Freeman & Co Ltd; ISBN13 : 978-0716743668

Suggestive readings

- Cooper, G. M. (2018). 8th Edition. The cell: A molecular approach. Massachusetts, USA: Sinauer Associates. ISBN-13:978-1605357072
- Hardin, J. Bertoni, G. P. Kleinsmith, L.J. and Becker, W.M. (2016). 9th Edition. The world of the cell. San Francisco, USA: Benjamin Cummings Publishers, ISBN-13: 978 -0321934925.
- Karp, G. (2019). 9th Edition. Cell and molecular biology: New Jersey, USA: Wiley Publishers. ISBN-978—1-119-59816-9.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE– 3 (DSC-3): HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY

Credit distribution, Eligibility and Pre-requisites of the Course

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY AND ANATOMY-I	4	3	-	1	Student should have studied science (Biological science/ physical sciences)	

Learning Objectives

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

- The course curriculum is a systematic presentation of physiological concepts to ensure appropriate depth and breadth of basic functioning of the human body and its interrelations with respect to heart, lung, kidney, gonads, endocrine glands and digestive system.
- It would give students exposure of physiological concepts needed as foundations for further studies in pharmacology, pathology and pathophysiology etc.
- It would provide a base to understand body defenses and the mechanisms of deranged function of human body
- The curricular objectives are focused primarily on normal body function. Accordingly, wherever possible clinical examples have been illustrated to the underlying physiological

principles.

Learning outcomes

The Learning Outcomes of this course are as follows:

Having successfully completed this course, students shall be able to learn and appreciate:

- The usefulness of dividing the human body in different anatomical planes and sections, cavities, along with the role of feedback system in maintaining homeostasis. Functional anatomy of the epithelial and connective tissues while focusing on integumentary and skeletal system. Overview of structure, types and function of cartilage, bone and joints.
- Structure, function and regulation of components/different formed elements of blood and the mechanism of clotting. Students would be able to understand different blood groups, basis of their classification, their importance in blood transfusions and tissue grafting and basic concepts of blood and bleeding disorders
- Student would be able to understand neurons their role and significance and how as a part of the brain they help in brain physiology. Appreciation of basic concepts of action potential/ graded potential in the conduction of nerve impulse. Action and significance of different neurotransmitters at the synapse along with the mechanism of synaptic transmission using different ligand gated ion channels, G protein coupled receptors and their ligands as example.
- Students would learn organization of brain, with identification of structures and function of different brain regions. Identify different neural pathways and explain their significance. They would understand the innate responses and conditioned response of day today life by studying autonomic nervous system and effect of its stimulation on different organs.
- The five senses which help an individual to perceive the world would be studied in detail. Stimulus modality, sensory adaptation and the role of generator potential in the sensory physiology of touch, gustation, olfaction, hearing and vision. They would recognize and explain the common disorders related to the senses.
- Students would be able to describe and distinguish between the structure, mechanism and regulation of contraction of skeletal, cardiac and smooth muscles. Enlist the energy requirements, characteristic features of different muscle fibers and their role in generating muscle tension. Demonstrate the concept of muscle fatigue, adaptation to physical training, and muscle degeneration and associated disorders.

SYLLABUS OF DSC-3

UNIT – I Body organization and Integumentary system

(6

Hours)

General Anatomy of the body, Introduction to various kinds of body planes, cavities and their membranes, Tissues level of organization (Types, origin, function & repair). Structure and functions of human skin.

UNIT – II Blood

(6 Hours)

Composition and Function of Blood and its components (RBC, WBC, platelets and plasma). Hematopoiesis, Hemoglobin structure, function and abnormal hemoglobin. Basic concepts about Anemia and types. Blood Hemostasis (blood coagulation/ clotting, platelet function and role of endothelium).

UNIT – III Nerve physiology

(6 Hours)

Structure, function and types of neuron, conduction of nerve impulse, Resting membrane potential, Action and graded potential. Synapse its types, Synaptic Transmission, Neurotransmitters and their receptors; types and function

UNIT – IV Nervous System I: Organization of nervous system (6 Hours)

Structure, function and organization of Central nervous system, Peripheral nervous system and Autonomic nervous system. Motor physiology: Reflexes, types and reflex arch

UNIT – V Nervous System II: Sensory Physiology (6 Hours)

Concept of receptors in the body and their types, structure, functional anatomy, regulation and common disorders of the following sensations: Vision, Hearing, Taste, Smell and other senses (Touch, Pain, Temp).

UNIT – VI Muscular system (9 Hours)

Functional anatomy of muscular system, types of muscles, neuromuscular junction structure property and transmission, General characteristics, molecular mechanism and properties of skeletal muscle excitation and contraction, energetics and characteristics of whole muscle contraction.

Unit- VII Skeletal System (6 Hours)

Cartilage: structure, types and function. Bones: structure, function, location and types. Joints: structure, function and types

Practical components (30 Hours)

(Wherever wet lab experiments are not possible, the principles and concepts can be demonstrated through any other material or medium including videos/virtual labs etc.)

1. Estimation of haemoglobin (Sahli's method)
2. Determination of total erythrocyte count.
3. Determination of total leukocyte count.
4. Preparation of blood smears and identifying various WBC
5. To perform differential leukocyte count of blood.
6. To study a simple reflex arc
7. To study the sensation of taste, touch and smell.
8. To study different human organs and their sections through permanent histological slides T.S. of brain, spinal cord, skeletal fibres, cardiac muscles, skeletal muscles, cartilage joints and different tissues. (Minimum 8 slides covering the systems mentioned in theory.)

Essential readings

- Guyton and Hall Textbook of Medical Physiology, 12th edition (2011), J. E. Hall; W B Saunders and Company, ISBN: 978-1-4160-4574-8 International Edition: 978-08089-2400-5
- Human Physiology, 12th edition (2011), Stuart I. Fox; Tata McGraw Hill, ISBN 978007-337811-4 MHID 0-07-337811-9.

Suggestive readings

- Principles of Anatomy and Physiology, 16th edition (2020), Gerard J. Tortora and Bryan H. Derrickson; Wiley and Sons, ISBN: 978-1-119-66268-6.(e book), ISBN: 978-1-119-70438-6 (for print book).

**GENERIC ELECTIVES (BIOMED-GE-04): PANDEMIC: CHALLENGES
AND PREPAREDNESS**

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Pandemic: Challenges and Preparedness BIOMED-GE- 04	4	3	-	1	XII Passed	Basic knowledge of Biology-

Learning Objectives

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

- Current scenario of covid outbreak all over the world made everyone curious about pandemic, its challenges and how to prepare for dealing with it.
- In this context we designed this paper to make students aware about pandemics caused by various pathogens.
- Course describes different pandemic outbreaks and strategies adapted to combat the transmission of pathogen and their neutralization.
- The course also explains the different therapeutic approaches for the elimination and cure of patients suffering from pandemic infections.

Learning outcomes

The Learning Outcomes of this course are as follows:

- This unit helps students to understand the difference between endemic, epidemic and pandemic.
- It makes students familiar with various pandemics that have spread in last century and are caused by different types of pathogens such as virus, bacteria and fungi.
- Students will learn extent of spread of pandemic worldwide, its timeline, death rate and other statistical data.
- This unit will explain about the infectious diseases and process of invasion by microbes.

- It will also helpful to understand preventive measures of infection transmission and about mutant strains which are associated with recurrent outbreaks.
- Students will learn about different treatment strategies for the patients suffering from any infection, along with specific precautions for handling patients with co-morbidities/ elderly persons. The content of this unit will be helpful to explain about plasma therapy and booster doses. Some basic concept of psychological counselling will help to reduce the depression and anxiety faced by individuals during pandemic outbreak.
- This unit describes different methods and equipments used during an out breaks to minimize the contamination and cross transmission of infection and its spread.
- This will help students to learn the usage of PPE kits, mask, sanitization, quarantine and significance of social distancing.
- Current unit, emphasizes about the history of vaccine, process of active and passive immunization, different types of vaccines and their effectiveness to control any pandemic, vaccines developed in India against covid-19.
- Students will learn hands-on training for important techniques used in the detection and diagnosis of various types of pathogens and associated protocols.
- Last unit of the course will focus on awareness and sensitization programs (eg. SOPs), health and hygiene and many issues related to public health. Also possible global approach to strengthening the health infrastructure and disease surveillance shall be elaborated.

SYLLABUS OF BIOMED-GE-04

Unit I: Introduction to Pandemics:

(07 Hrs)

General concepts of endemic, epidemic and pandemic; Historical background of pandemics: Rabies, plague, small pox, cholera, Spanish Influenza, AIDS, Avian bird flu, Swine flu, MERS, SARS and covid-19 pandemic. Timeline of Covid- 19. Extent of spread, worldwide statistics and death rate. Statistics of affected nations worldwide and in India; symptoms, extent of spread and containment

Unit II: Infectious Disease:

(05 Hrs)

Structure of causative agent, invasion into human body, etiology and strategies currently used to block infection process, common mutant strains responsible further outbreaks of the pandemics

Unit III: Emerging Therapies, Natural Protection and strengthening immune system:

(06 Hrs)

Drugs used to cure Avian bird flu, Swine flu and covid-19. First line of treatment at home additional care of person with co-morbidities / elderly person. Convalescent plasma therapy, Placebo effect, alternative therapies and immunity boosters used during pandemic and psychological counseling and countering depression.

Unit IV: Precautions and Prevention:

(06 Hrs)

Quarantine protocol at home, for frequent fliers, hospital exposure, and workplace exposure. Precautionary measures such as PPE clothing, gloves, masks, social distancing, frequent washing of hands with soap, use of sanitizers, disinfection strategies.

Unit V: Vaccines: An effective tool for prevention of pandemics:

(09 Hrs)

Historical perspective of vaccination, active and passive immunization; Vaccination drive, types of vaccines: Live attenuated vaccines, inactivated vaccines, subunit vaccines, multivalent vaccine, recombinant vector vaccines and DNA vaccines. Types of vaccines developed against Covid-19 worldwide, Their effectiveness and side effects. Vaccines developed in India for adults (Covaxin and Covishield) and vaccines for children. Limitations in effective development of covid-19 vaccine.

Unit VI: Techniques for diagnosis and detection of disease:

(06 Hrs)

Antigen-antibody based detection techniques: Lateral flow technique, RAPID and RT-PCR test with complete protocol. Probes for virus detection.

Unit VII: Challenges and Preparedness:

(06 Hrs)

Awareness and sensitization programs (SOPs) about general health and hygiene. Funding in research on issues related to public health and protection of environment. Global health approach with multidisciplinary collaborations. Pandemic preparedness and disease surveillance with strong health infrastructure.

Practical component

(30 Hrs)

(Wherever wet lab experiments are not possible, the principles and concepts can be demonstrated through any other material or medium including videos/virtual labs etc.)

1. A case study of any one pandemic of past.
2. A case study of any one emerging pandemic.

3. Detection and diagnosis using antigen and antibody in the sample.
4. Demonstration of the PCR machine
5. Video demonstration of Covid-19 lateral flow technique
6. Demographic analysis of extent of spread both national and international.
7. Project work

Essential readings:

- Park, K. (2021), 26th Edition, *Park's Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine*, Banarsidas Bhanot Publisher, ISBN-13 : . 978-9382219163
- Madigan M. T, Bender K.S, Buckley D.H, Sattley W.M, Stahl D.A (2021) 16th edition, Brock Biology of Microorganisms, Pearson Publisher, ISBN-139780135861717.
- Punt, J. Stranford, S. Jones, P. and Owen, J. (2019). 8th Edition. Kuby Immunology. New York, USA: W.H. Freeman and Company. ISBN- 13: 978-1464189784.
- Willey, J., Sherwood, L., and Woolverton, C.J. (2016). 10th Edition. Prescott's microbiology. New York, USA: McGraw-Hill Education. ISBN-13: 978-1259281594.

Suggestive readings:

- Bonita, Ruth, Beaglehole, Robert, Kjellström, Tord & World Health Organization. (2 (2006nd edition. *Basic Epidemiology*, World Health Organization, ISBN 978 92 4 154707 9.

GENERAL ELECTIVE -10 (BIOMED-GE -10): UNDERSTANDING THE HUMAN BODY SYSTEMS

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Understanding The Human Body System BIOMED-GE-10	4	3	-	1	XII Passed	Basic knowledge of Biology

Learning Objectives

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

- This is an introductory course dealing with the structure and function of the human organism and the issues facing the human in today's world.
- It is intended for students with limited science background. It would make them familiar with basic physiological concepts.

Learning outcomes

The Learning Outcomes of this course are as follows:

- Students will have an increased understanding and appreciation for the workings of the human body. They will be familiar with the terminology and physiology of the major organ systems
- They will be able to explain the relation between form and function in biology, as expressed in molecular, cellular, and whole-organism physiology.
- Students will be able to recognize the anatomical structures and explain the physiological functions of the body systems.
- Recognize the anatomical structures and explain the physiological functions of the body systems. Develop scientific terminology to describe the parts and processes of the human body.

SYLLABUS OF BIOMED-GE-10:

Unit I: Body organization and Integumentary system

(05 Hrs)

General Anatomy of the body, Introduction to various kinds of body planes, cavities and their membranes, Tissues level of organization and classification (Types, origin, function & repair). Structure and functions of human skin. Blood as connective tissue

Unit II: Nervous System**(06 Hrs)**

Organization of the Central and Peripheral nervous system. Motor and sensory physiology. Nerve Physiology and Sensory Physiology (Special Senses)

Unit III: Muscular and Skeletal System**(04 Hrs)**

Functional anatomy of muscular system, types of muscles, neuromuscular junction structure property and transmission, General characteristics of muscle contraction using skeletal muscle as example.

Unit IV: Cardiovascular and Respiratory System**(06 Hrs)**

Functional Anatomy of heart, The Cardiac Cycle, Electrocardiogram.

Circulatory system: Blood vessels, hemodynamics and regulatory mechanisms.

Lymphatic circulation - hemodynamics and regulation, micro-circulation

Functional Anatomy of the respiratory system. Mechanisms of pulmonary and alveolar, gaseous exchange, transport of gases, respiratory and nervous control and regulation of respiration.

Unit V: Endocrine System**(06 Hrs)**

General mechanism of hormone action, Structure, function and regulation of the major gland of the body: Pituitary, Hypothalamus, Thyroid, Pancreas and Adrenals. Basic concepts about hypo and hyper secretion of hormones.

Unit VI: Gastrointestinal system**(06 Hrs)**

Anatomy and histology of the digestive tract. General principles of gut motility secretion, digestion, absorption and assimilation.

Unit VII: Renal Physiology**(06 Hrs)**

Functional anatomy of kidney, histology of nephron and its physiology, process of urine formation. Urinary bladder: structure, micturition and its regulation

Unit VII: Reproductive System**(06 Hrs)**

Structure and function of male and female reproductive organs. Basic concepts of gametogenesis (oogenesis and spermatogenesis), fertilization, implantation, menopause and contraception.

Practical component**(30 Hrs)**

(Wherever wet lab experiments are not possible, the principles and concepts can be demonstrated through any other material or medium including videos/virtual labs etc.)

1. To prepare a blood smear and identify different types of white blood cells.
2. Estimation of hemoglobin (Sahli's method)
3. Physiological data acquisition based experiments (ECG/PFT/EMG).
4. Blood Pressure recordings in humans.
5. To study a simple reflex arc
6. To study the sensation of taste, touch and smell.
7. To study various types of contraceptives (condoms, IUD's, oral and injectable contraceptives)
8. To study different human organs and their sections through permanent histological slides
T.S. of brain, spinal cord, skeletal fibers, cardiac muscles, skeletal muscles, T. S. of thyroid, liver, thymus, spleen, ovary, artery, vein, capillaries, testis, pancreas, esophagus, adrenal, kidney (cortex and medulla), urinary bladder, fallopian tubes, epididymis, lungs, trachea, heart.(Minimum 8 slides covering the systems mentioned in theory.)

Essential readings:

- Guyton and Hall Textbook of Medical Physiology, 14th edition (2020), J. E. Hall; W B Saunders and Company, ebook ISBN: 978-0-3236-4003-9; Hardcover ISBN: 978-0-3235-9712-8
- Principles of Anatomy and Physiology, 16th edition (2020), Gerard J. Tortora and Bryan H. Derrickson; Wiley and Sons, ISBN: 978-1-119-66268-6. (e book), ISBN: 978-1-119-70438-6 (for print book).
- Textbook of Practical Physiology, 9th edition (2019), CL Ghai; Jaypee Publication, ISBN-9789352705320.
- Human Physiology, 16th edition (2011), Stuart I. Fox; Tata McGraw Hill, ISBN10: 1260720462; ISBN13: 978-1-26-072046-4.

Suggestive readings:

- Ganong's Review of Medical physiology, 26th edition (2019), K. E. Barrett, S. M. Barman, S. Boitano and H. Brooks; Tata McGraw Hill, ISBN 978-1-26-012240-4 (for ebook) ISBN:978-1-26-012241-1 (for print Book)

Essential readings

- Cantor, C. R. and Smith, C. L. (2004). 1st Edition. Genomics: The science and technology behind the human genome project. New York, USA: John Wiley and Sons. ISBN-13: 978-0471461869.
- Old, R. W. and Primrose, S. B. (1994). 7th Edition. Principles of Gene Manipulation: an Introduction to Genetic Engineering. Boston: Wiley. ISBN-13: 978-0632037124.
- Joseph Sambrook, E.F. Fritsch, T. Maniatis. (1989). 2nd Edition. Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual. New York, USA: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory. Press ISBN- 978-0879693732.

Suggestive readings

- Glick, B. R. and Patten, C. L. (2022). 6th Edition. Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and Applications of Recombinant DNA. USA: ASM press, ISBN-13: 978-1683673668.
- Brown, T. A. (2020). 8th Edition. Gene cloning and DNA analysis: An introduction. New York, USA: John Wiley and Sons, ISBN-13: 978-1119640783.
- Karp, G. (2016). 8th Edition. Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. United states: Wiley. ISBN-13: 9781538832462.
- Primrose, S. B. and Twyman, R. B. (2014). 7th Edition. Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics. New York, USA: John Wiley and Sons. ISBN-13: 978-1118653883.
- Green, M. R. and Sambrook, J. (2012). 4th Edition. Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual (three-volume set). New York, USA: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press ISBN-13: 978-1936113422

GENERIC ELECTIVES (GE-2): LANDMARK DISCOVERIES IN SCIENCE

Credit distribution, Eligibility and Pre-requisites of the Course

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
LANDMARK DISCOVERIES IN SCIENCE	4	3	-	1	The student should have studied science (Biological science/physical sciences)	NA

Learning Objectives

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

The objective of the course is to ensure students appreciate the convenience and comfort that they have is all because of discoveries and inventions of the past. Meticulous execution of historical experiments in very little resources would also motivate them towards doing valuable research with enormous facilities that they have. The historical accounts of science provide grounds for interpretation and may be useful in arousing appreciation of science. The course would provide: Detailed analysis of classically designed and executed experiments in Life Sciences over the years. It will provide a foundation of biology by uncovering various players in the machinery of biological processes. It will also be helpful in technical, scientific analysis with historical background for a robust understanding of various discoveries. Critical

analysis of the history of biology would surely help students comprehend futuristic scientific discoveries.

Learning outcomes

The Learning Outcomes of this course are as follows:

The students will be able:

- Students will be able to learn how was light manipulated during the past to peer into previously invisible world—those too small or too far away to be seen by the naked eye.
- Students will learn about experiments that had fundamental contribution to our present understanding of key molecular elements of life. They will understand how to examine microbial cells and colonies, using various techniques to manipulate color, size, and contrast in ways that helped Scientists to identify species and diagnose disease.
- Studying this unit, students would come to know that there were three group of Naturalists working simultaneously to find answers to inheritance, evolution and basic composition of life. Students will be divulged with hereditary aspects of life. They will get familiar with genes and their roles in living organisms.
- Having understood the relationship of genes and inheritance, students would find interesting to learn the mystical molecule that make up these genes. Sequential study of these experiments would step by step unravel the mystery of genetic material.
- Students at this point of course would be curious to know the structure of molecule that forms the genetic material. They would learn how the information present on DNA manifests itself as specific characteristic features and help in diversity among organisms.
- Students will be explained how the in depth knowledge about became the most important tool for in vitro research, modification and applications thereof.
- Students will be briefed about some landmark discoveries which helped the field of medicine to grow tremendously and played a significant role in improving the overall health of the human population.
- Students can be given small projects to write discoveries done in conventional way.
- They will be required to provide a descriptive view of the topics assigned to them. Students should highlight the research topic with reference to current understanding.

SYLLABUS OF GE-2

UNIT – I View of the invisible Biology

(6 Hours)

Rudimentary microscopes to magnify objects; Use of eye glasses as simplest microscopes - Flea or fly glasses; Observing nature in the new world under lens; Book of Optics; Scientific use of Microscopes; Importance of Malphigi microscope that used field lens; Compound Microscope; Robert Hooke's observations in Micrographia; Foldscope by Manu Prakash

UNIT – II Origin of Life – A question

(6 Hours)

Spontaneous generation versus biogenesis; Problem of spores; Microbiology and Medicine - Germ theory of Disease; Recognition of agents of infection – Koch's Postulates.

UNIT – III Understanding Biology by observations

(6 Hours)

A) Study of evolution of life: Darwins Theory (B) Study of Inheritance of Life: classical era with contributions of Aristotle, Epicurus, and others; Modern genetics: Gregor Johann Mendel, his work on pea plants, theory of Mendelian inheritance (C) Study of composition of Life : Levels of cellular and molecular organization; Cells, tissues and organs in our body; Pioneers of chromosome studies; Discovery of nucleic acids; Nuclein verified as a distinct chemical entity; Early identification of purines and pyrimidines; building blocks of Nucleic

acids and proteins; Chemistry of Nucleic acids; Levene's tetranucleotide hypothesis.

UNIT – IV DNA as the hereditary material – An experimental view (4.5 Hours)

Transformation: Classic work of Frederick Griffith; DNA as the Pneumococcal Transforming Factor; In vitro Transformation system; Announcement that the transforming Principle was DNA; Mirsky's Criticism; The Avery, MacLeod and McCarty proclamation; Additional experiments that supported DNA as the transforming principle; Hershey and Chase clinched the role of DNA as the Genetic Material

UNIT – V Solving the puzzle of DNA structure (4.5 Hours)

Early studies of diffraction of X Rays by DNA fibers – contributions of Rosalind Franklin; Use of X – rays in medicines and research; Erwin Chargaff's discovery of base complementarity in DNA; Watson and Crick model of DNA; Contribution of Linus Pauling; DNA is replicated in Semi-conservative Fashion; Deciphering the Genetic Code; One Gene One Enzyme Edict.

UNIT – VI Technical advancements in biology (6 Hours)

Polymerase Chain Reaction – a revolution in modern biology; DNA Manipulations using Restriction enzymes; Discovery of reverse transcriptase leading to development of RT-PCR for RNA amplification; Work of Stanley Cohen and Herbert Boyer; Advent of gene cloning - History and current applications

UNIT – VII Research as a backbone of modern medicine (6 Hours)

(A) Discovery of antimicrobial agents; Contribution of Joseph Lister and later by Alexander Flemming leading to Discovery of Magic bullets; (B) Control of Infectious Diseases – Variolation, mithridatism and vaccination from the view of Edward Jenner; Vaccine production strategies – with examples of BCG and SARS-CoV2 vaccines; Historical timeline of vaccination strategies; (C) Marie Curie – Use of radiation in medicine.

UNIT – VIII Project Work [On any one topic] (6 Hours)

Study historical research papers and provide a descriptive view of research that was carried out by Scientists as Minor Project.

(A) Ancient system of medicine

(B) Contribution of any one Indian Scientists in Biology

(C) Contribution of any Physicists or Chemists in Biology (for topics listed above)

Practical component (if any) - (30 Hours)

(Wherever wet lab experiments are not possible, the principles and concepts can be demonstrated through any other material or medium including videos/virtual labs etc.)

1. Comparison of invisible life under the view of microscopes versus foldscope.
2. Cells as a unit of life and observation under the microscopes.
3. How do the cells divide – a view under the microscope: (mount of an onion root tip, onion bud cells or grasshopper testis).
4. Mendel's laws of inheritance – clues from nature.
5. Extraction of genomic DNA
6. Use of electric field to analyse DNA and other biomolecules.
7. Sneak Peek through the discovery of Polymerase chain reaction (PCR): Demonstration of original method and comparison with today's sophistication.
8. To test Flemming's hypothesis that the mold killed the bacteria.
9. Group Discussion on Research Topics assigned to students.

Essential readings

- Alberts, B et al. (2014). 6th edition. Molecular Biology of the Cell. W. W. Norton & Company. ISBN-13 : 978-0815345244
- Bryson, B. (2003) A short history of nearly everything. Transworld Publishers. London W5 5SA. A Random House Group Company. ISBN: 9780552997041.
- Lodish H et al. (2003). 5th Revised edition. Molecular Cell Biology. W.H.Freeman& Co Ltd; ISBN-13 : 978-0716743668
- Green, M. R. and Sambrook, J. (2012). 4th Edition. Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, New York, United States: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, ISBN-13:978-1936113422.
- Kornberg, A. (2005). 2nd Edition. DNA Replication. California, United States: University Science Books, ISBN-13: 978-1891389443.

Suggestive readings -

- Watson, J. D. (2011) The Double Helix – A personal account of the discovery of the structure of DNA. Scribner. ISBN 9780743219174.
- Cooper, G. M. and Hausman, R. E. (2013). 6th Edition. The cell: A molecular approach. Massachusetts, USA: Sinauer Associates. ISBN-13:978-1605351551
- Karp, G. (2013). 7th Edition. Cell and molecular biology: Concepts and experiments. New Jersey, USA: Wiley Publishers. ISBN-978-0470483374.
- Cox, M. M. Doudna J. A. and Donnell, M. O. (2012). 1st Edition. Molecular Biology: Principles and Practice. London, United Kingdom: W H Freeman & Co Publishers, ISBN-13: 978-0-716-7998-8.
- Watson, J. D. Baker T. A. Bell, S. P. Gann, A. Levine, M. and Losick, R. (2013). 7th Edition. Molecular Biology of the Gene. New York, United States: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, ISBN-13: 978-0-321-76243-6.

GENERIC ELECTIVES (GE-3): TOXIC SUBSTANCES AND HUMAN HEALTH

Credit distribution, Eligibility and Pre-requisites of the Course

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
TOXIC SUBSTANCES AND HUMAN HEALTH	4	3	-	1	Open to Students from all subjects	NA

Learning Objectives

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

In daily life, humans are exposed to several toxic substances. Many household products, medicines, cosmetic products, paints, and even food and water may contain toxic substances.; Frequent or improper use of many consumer products or exposure to higher amounts than prescribed, may cause serious health problems. This paper introduces the common toxic substances to which humans are routinely exposed; and health related issues in case of toxicity.